

AZTREONAM

Other names: Azactam®



Important note: The following information is intended to add to, not replace, the knowledge and judgment of your doctor, pharmacist or other health care professional.

Why are you taking this medication

Aztreonam is an antibiotic that kills bacteria. It is effective against many (but not all) infections. This medicine is used for a range of infections, including pneumonia (chest infection), abdominal, urinary tract and some skin infections, provided that the bacteria causing the infection are not resistant to it.

When to take this medication

Aztreonam does not work if it is taken orally (as a tablet or capsule). It only works if it is injected into muscle (IM) or a vein (IV).

Aztreonam may already be prepared by the Hospital Pharmacy or will be prepared by a District Nurse. The injection is contained in a bag and is designed to drip slowly into your catheter (this is called an infusion) or as a syringe. This should be administered exactly as you have been instructed at the hospital or clinic. This infusion should be given over at least 20 minutes. The syringe should be given over at least 5 minutes. Your dose (how much and how often) depends on how bad your infection is and on your kidney function.

Side effects

Some people are allergic to aztreonam: this would have showed up in the hospital or clinic.

Milder side effects include:

- nausea
- diarrhoea
- headache
- changes in taste
- mouth ulcers

Contact your backup service or see your doctor **immediately** if the following occur:

- skin rash, itching or fever
- unusual bleeding or bruising

Rarely, aztreonam can cause severe or long lasting diarrhoea. which may start up to a month after you finish taking aztreonam. If you get troublesome diarrhoea, do not take any anti-diarrhoea medicine. Contact your backup service or your doctor straight away and report that you have had aztreonam recently: there is a specific treatment for this diarrhoea.

Other medication

Aztreonam may increase the effect of **warfarin** on your blood clotting making you more prone to bleeding.

Storage

Remember to keep your medication out of reach of children

Read this leaflet and discuss any questions you have about your medicines with your doctor or pharmacist.